

# SOCIAL SERVICES SCRUTINY COMMITTEE 30<sup>TH</sup> MAY 2023

SUBJECT: SUPPLEMENTARY PAYMENT FOR RESIDENTIAL/NURSING CARE

HOMES TO SUPPORT INCREASED COSTS OF AMENITIES AND

**FOOD COSTS** 

REPORT BY: CORPORATE DIRECTOR SOCIAL SERVICES AND HOUSING

#### 1. PURPOSE OF REPORT

1.1 To seek the views of the Social Services Scrutiny Committee with regard to the repurposing of earmarked service reserves to address exceptional cost pressures faced by providers of residential and nursing care, prior to a report being submitted to Cabinet for approval.

## 2. SUMMARY

- 2.1 In the latter part of the 2021/22 financial year Welsh Government (WG) provided additional one-off funding of £60m via the Revenue Support Grant (RSG) across all Welsh Local Authorities. Caerphilly CBC's element of this additional funding was £3.540m. While the RSG is un-hypothecated, WG strongly indicated that £595k of this additional funding should be earmarked to provide driving lessons and electric vehicles in order to reduce some of the barriers faced by workers entering the domiciliary care profession, particularly the unprecedented cost of petrol at that time. In response to this, Caerphilly CBC appropriated £595k into an earmarked reserve for future use once a firm plan had been developed to optimise the impact of this one-off funding.
- 2.2 Following consultation with domiciliary care provider organisations there has been very limited interest in the provision of electric vehicles and the personal taxation implications of paying for driving lessons for staff as a benefit in kind has meant there has been no demand for funded driving lessons. Furthermore, since the creation of the earmarked reserve, petrol prices have begun to fall, which in turn has helped to reduce the barriers to entering the domiciliary care profession.
- 2.3 Therefore, it is proposed that £507k of the earmarked reserve should be repurposed to address the exceptional cost pressures faced by providers of residential and nursing care as a result of rising energy prices and food costs.

# 3. RECOMMENDATIONS

3.1 Members are asked to comment on a repurposing of earmarked reserves amounting to £507k to enable a one-off payment to providers of larger residential and nursing care homes within the Caerphilly County Borough, equivalent to £1,000 per bed that is either currently commissioned by Caerphilly CBC or is vacant.

#### 4. REASONS FOR THE RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1 To address the unprecedented cost of food and energy currently faced by providers of residential and nursing care at present.

#### 5. THE REPORT

- 5.1 Following a one-off addition to the RSG in the latter part of 2021/22, an earmarked reserve was created by Caerphilly CBC to provide driving lessons and electric vehicles in order to bring down the travel costs of domiciliary care workers, which had been cited as a barrier to entering the profession.
- 5.2 Through consultation with domiciliary care provider organisations it has become apparent that the demand for electric vehicles will be very limited. The amount of funding made available meant that only a limited number of vehicles could be purchased, which raised concerns about the inequities across the workforce. Also, the one-off nature of the funding caused concerns for providers due to the potential replacement costs once the vehicles reached the end of their useful life. Despite these concerns, some providers have decided to trial the use of electric bikes so it is felt prudent to retain around £88k of the earmarked reserve for this purpose.
- 5.3 Consultation with provider organisations also revealed concerns around the personal taxation implications for paying for driving lessons for their workers. While the provision of driving lessons would be beneficial to the workers employment, the benefits would not be solely employment related. Therefore, it is likely that the funding of driving lessons would be considered as a benefit in kind and the workers receiving this funding would be taxed on that benefit. As a result of this added complication, there has been no take up of funded driving lessons.
- As a result of the feedback identified above, the Corporate Director for Social Services entered in to discussions with WG regarding a temporary increase to the commissioned hourly rate for domiciliary care of £1 per hour, which was being considered at a regional level across Gwent. It was felt that this increase would allow providers to pass this increase on to individual workers to assist them with the cost of travelling for work. WG agreed that this proposal would achieve the intended purpose of additional funding that had been provided through the RSG. As a result, it was agreed that the earmarked reserve could be used to fund this temporary increase for a six month period at an estimated cost of £215k. However, following slippage within the Regional Integration Fund (RIF) programme in 2022/23, the Gwent Regional Partnership Board subsequently agreed to fund this temporary increase through the RIF grant.
- In summary, only £88k of the £595k earmarked reserve is currently committed to the provision of electric bikes leaving £507k available for other purposes. Officers considered that the recent fall in petrol prices has helped to reduce the barriers to entering the domiciliary care provision and that the remaining £507k could be better used to address the cost pressures faced by residential and nursing care providers. The Corporate Director for Social Services has discussed this with WG and while it does not address the original purpose of the one-off increase in the RSG, they recognised that the RSG is un-hypothecated and that we are still proposing to use the funding to address pressures within the social care market. Therefore, WG have given their support to the proposal.
- 5.6 While the fees payable by Caerphilly CBC to all care providers were increased by 10.1% with effect from April 2023 in response to an equivalent increase in the Real Living Wage and similar levels of general inflation, care home providers have cited the exceptional increases in energy and food costs as a reason why this 10.1% increase falls short of their increasing

costs. It is hoped that in the longer term that energy and food prices will reduce to a more manageable level. However, there is certainly an immediate pressure for larger care home providers currently, who are articulating ongoing concerns about the increases in utility costs and food costs. Smaller residential care homes are experiencing an increase associated with these costs also, but not to the extent that the larger care homes are, simply due to the scale and size of the larger homes alongside the vacancies that a number of them have.

- 5.7 If the repurposing of £507k of service reserves were to be approved by Cabinet, it would allow a one-off payment to larger care home providers, amounting to £1,000 for each bed that is either currently commissioned by Caerphilly CBC or is vacant. We do not propose to make any additional payment to care homes within Caerphilly County Borough for beds commissioned by other local authorities, the Health Board or self-funders as the provider would be expected to negotiate with the appropriate body for those places. However, as occupancy levels within some care homes have yet to recover to pre-pandemic levels, some providers would be disadvantaged if we did not extend the £1,000 payment to cover vacant beds.
- 5.8 Many of the commissioned Residential and Nursing home providers have made representation in respect of the increased costs they are experiencing that are related to the payment of bills for gas, electricity, and food whilst the providers articulate the increased costs associated with many different areas of their service, those relating to energy and food are undoubtedly the highest and the ones that cause them significant concern.
- All providers are mindful of and are keen to ensure that they maintain the quality of life and health and well being for the residents they support, but to do that, need to retain an environment that comfortably and effectively supports older vulnerable people who have a range of complex needs, many of whom are immobile and cared for in bed. In addition, the importance of high standards of nutrition and hydration for residents supported in care homes is key and supports the maintenance of their overall level of health and well-being.
- 5.10 Energy Costs commissioned providers have raised serious concern about the increase in the costs associated with the energy bills they have experienced, continue to experience and will experience moving forward for the foreseeable future. The UK and other parts of the world are facing an unprecedented rise in wholesale gas and electricity prices and businesses do not see the benefit of the price cap on energy bills in the same way as domestic customers. Care Homes are high energy consumers as their job is to keep the elderly and vulnerable comfortable and safe. Residents need to be kept warmer than average, and homes are by their nature 24-hour operations. So high energy consumption goes with the territory.
- 5.11 Several different factors contribute to the high use of energy in the care home sector -
  - Heating Seventy percent of a typical care home's energy bill goes on heating.
  - Hot Water Water heating is responsible for 12 percent of the average care home's energy consumption. There needs to be a constant supply of hot water to ensure that personal care needs are met, laundry is undertaken, and that the kitchen environment operates efficiently and effectively.
  - Lighting care homes operate 24/7 and as such respond to the needs of individual people in the home – this means that the use of lighting is not restricted to evening/night-time, but is used throughout the day
  - Building Fabric all care homes are different, and therefore the energy use will be different dependent on the fabric of the building and its efficiency.
- 5.12 Caerphilly has a mixed picture in terms of the build and fabric of the commissioned care homes some are relatively new, purpose built care homes that will have better efficiency capability than most, whilst others are much older buildings that have undergone and need to undergo refurbishment that will improve efficiency and there are a few homes that are much older, with extensions on what were formerly domestic dwellings, and these will undoubtedly feel the effects of less energy efficiency due to their fabric and age. Regardless of energy

efficiency capability, all the commissioned care homes need to maintain a warm, safe environment for the residents, and this comes at a huge cost.

- 5.13 All commissioned care home providers are experiencing different levels of cost increases associated with gas and electric, all dependent on the differing circumstances of each home, but some of the feedback received from providers demonstrates the increased costs incurred. Several providers are indicating an increase of 25% 30% in the costs of running a care home and that would include gas and electricity costs.
- 5.14 There is one care home in the Borough that is reliant on electricity to run everything in the home including the heating system as there is no gas supply at the home this provider has advised that the electric bill for December 2022 fell just short of £27,000 which is clearly a significant cost. Whilst the provider is pursuing alternative methods of heating the home that are more cost effective and sustainable, this will require investment. Investment is currently proving difficult for this provider due to the number of vacancies at the home banks/lenders view it as too much of a risk.
- 5.15 Food Costs the issue of the increased costs associated with food and other household provisions, such as cleaning products is being widely felt by the whole of society and care homes are no different. Providers are advising of a 50% increase in some circumstances for bills relating to food and other products essential to the effective and safe running of a care home.
- 5.16 Whilst the cost of food has increased, there is additional pressure on care homes relating to nutrition and hydration and the need to have a focus on quality and the fortification of food for residents who are nutritionally compromised. The 'Food First' approach is always taken before the introduction of any prescribed supplements for residents this means that chefs/cooks in care homes fortify food in order to increase the calorific value of the food for residents who are apt to lose weight easily or those who only eat very little. Products such as full fat milk, double cream, butter, etc... are used in vast quantities to fortify foods like mashed potato, desserts, milky/custard-based puddings, sauces and pureed food of any type for those with swallowing issues. Drinks are also fortified using ice cream for things like milk shakes and orange juice with lemonade for 'fruit boosts'. Food, snacks, and drinks have to be available 24/7 for residents in order to ensure as far as possible that all nutritional and hydration needs are met.

## 5.17 **Conclusion**

The proposed repurposing of £507k of earmarked reserves to address cost pressures in larger care homes has been supported by WG and would enable a one-off payment to larger care home providers, amounting to £1,000 for each bed that is either currently commissioned by Caerphilly CBC or is vacant. Any longer term effects of changes in energy and food costs would need to be considered in the usual fee negotiation process undertaken with care providers on an annual basis

#### 6. ASSUMPTIONS

6.1 There are no assumptions included in this report.

## 7. SUMMARY OF INTEGRATED IMPACT ASSESSMENT

7.1 No IIA has been completed because the funding referenced in the report was unhypothecated and in discussion with WG, it was agreed that it could be used to support large care homes in the Borough with the significant increase in costs

associated with utility bills and food, as explained in the report above and referenced in the conclusion at 5.17.

#### 8. FINANCIAL IMPLICATIONS

8.1 A one-off payment to the 19 larger care homes within Caerphilly County Borough, amounting to £1,000 for each bed that is either currently commissioned by Caerphilly CBC or is vacant would cost £507k. This could be fully funded through the repurposing of earmarked reserves and would have no ongoing revenue budget implications:-

	CCBC Commissioned	Vacant	Sub Total	Other Commissioners
Total number of beds	413	94	507	260
Total proposed payment	£413,000	£94,000	£507,000	£Nil

## 9. PERSONNEL IMPLICATIONS

9.1 There are no personnel implications included in this report.

## 10. CONSULTATIONS

10.1 All consultation responses have been incorporated into this report.

## 11. STATUTORY POWER

11.1 Local Government Acts 1972 and 2003 and the Council's Financial Regulations.

Author: Viv Daye, Service Manager (Commissioning), dayv@caerphilly.gov.uk

Mike Jones, Financial Services Manager, jonesmj@caerphilly.gov.uk

Consultees: David Street, Corporate Director for Social Services and Housing,

streed@caerphilly.gov.uk

Jo Williams, Assistant Director for Adult Services, willij6@caerphilly.gov.uk

Gareth Jenkins, Assistant Director for Children's Services, jenkig2@caerphilly.gov.uk

Stephen Harris, Head of Financial Services and S151 Officer,

harrisr@caerphilly.gov.uk

Cllr. Elaine Forehead, Cabinet Member for Social Services, forehe@caerphilly.gov.uk

Cllr. Donna Cushing, Chair, cushid@caerphilly.gov.uk

Cllr. Marina Chacon-Dawson, Vice-Chair, chacom@caerphilly.gov.uk